**PHIẾU ÔN TẬP TIẾNG ANH 9 (TUẦN TỪ 17.02.2020 ĐẾN 23.2.2020)**

**REVISION 1**

***I - Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others. (0,2)***

**Question 1. A.** claimed **B.** warned **C.** occurred **D.** existed

**Question 2. A.** health **B.** appear **C.** ready **D.** heavy

**Question 3. A.** tidal **B.** sight **C.** mineral **D.** describe

**Question 4. A.** though **B.** throw **C.** through **D.** thought

**Question 5. A.** thunder **B.** erupt **C.** trust **D.** pull

***II - Choose the best answer from the four options given (marked A, B, C, or D) to complete each sentence. (0,2)***

**Question 6.** I can’t understand what the French visitors are saying. I wish I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ French.

**A.** knew **B.** will know **C.** know **D.** have known

**Question 7.** The church \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ about 100 years ago.

**A.** is built **B.** was built **C.** will be built **D.** has been built

**Question 8.** People in Israel are going to celebrate their festival \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is called Passover.

**A.** whose **B.** who **C.** which **D.** where

**Question 9.** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ I was really tired, I couldn’t sleep.

**A.** Even though **B.** So **C.** Therefore **D.** Because of

**Question 10.** Lan is very tired. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, she has to finish her assignment before going to bed.

**A.** Although **B.** So **C.** Therefore **D.** However

**Question 11.** I suggest \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ some money for poor children.

**A.** raise **B.** to raise **C.** raised **D.** raising

**Question 12.** She asked me if I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a laptop computer the following day.

**A.** buy **B.** will buy **C.** bought **D.** would buy

**Question 13.** I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ telephone her if I knew her number.

**A.** would **B.** have to **C.** will **D.** shall

**Question 14.** Honda motorbikes \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in Vietnam.

**A.** produce **B.** will produce **C.** are produced **D.** would be produced

**Question 15.** We have learnt English \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 2001:

**A.** for **B.** since **C.** in **D.** during

**Question 16.** We \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ already \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Huong Pagoda.

**A.** were...seeing **B.** have...seen **C.** are...seeing **D.** will...see

**Question 17.** All the houses in the area \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ immediately.

**A.** has to rebuilt **B.** had to rebuild **C.** have to be rebuilt **D.** have to rebuild

**Question 18.** If he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ soon, he will miss the train.

**A.** isn’t coming **B.** doesn’t come **C.** won’t come **D.** didn’t come

**Question 19.** Mr. Long said that he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in Ho Chi Minh City.

**A.** lived **B.** is living **C.** has lived **D.** will live

**Question 20.** Your sister works in a foreign company, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ she?

**A.** isn’t **B.** didn’t **C.** wasn’t **D.** doesn’t

***III - Identify the underlined word/ phrase (A or B, C, D) that needs correcting to become an exact one. (0,2)***

**Question 21.** My sister (**A**) enjoys (**B**) read about (**C**) wild animals and (**D**) natural mysteries.

**Question 22.** Mr. Huy (**A**) who sing (**B**) English songs very (**C**) well (**D**) is my teacher of English.

**Question 23.** My father (**A**) asked us (**B**) not to spending too (**C**) much time (**D**) playing computer games.

**Question 24.** Ba (**A**) can play the piano (**B**) better (**C**) more than his friends (**D**) can.

**Question 25.** We can (**A**) save (**B**) nature resources (**C**) by using (**D**) solar energy.

***IV - Read the following passage, then choose the correct answer to questions 26 - 30. (0,2)*** Today, supermarkets are found in almost every large city in the world. But the first supermarket (26)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ opened only fifty years ago. It was opened in New York by a man named Michael Cullen.

A supermarket is different (27)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_other types of stores in several ways. In supermarkets, goods are placed on open shelves. The (28)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ choose what they want and take them to the checkout counter. This means that fewer shop assistants are needed than in other stores. The way products are displayed is another difference between supermarkets and many other types of stores; (29)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ example, in supermarkets, there is usually a display of small inexpensive items just in front of the checkout counter: candies, chocolates, magazines, cheap foods and so on.

Most customers (30)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ go to a supermarket buy goods from a shopping list. They know exactly what they need to buy. They do the shopping according to a plan.

**Question 26. A.** is **B.** has been **C.** was **D.** were

**Question 27. A.** in **B.** from **C.** of **D.** with

**Question 28. A.** customers **B.** managers **C.** assistants **D.** sellers

**Question 29. A.** in **B.** for **C.** of **D.** by

**Question 30. A.** who **B.** what **C.** which **D.** whom

***V - Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first one. (0,4)***

**Question 31.** They have just sold that old house.

- That old house .

**Question 32.** In spite of the bad weather, they had a wonderful holiday.

- Although .

**Question 33.** They will build a new mall here.

- A new mall .

**Question 34.** Unless he takes these pills, he won’t be better.

- If .

**Question 35.** Despite working hard, he can’t support his large family.

- Although .

***VI - Complete each of the following sentences, using the words given. (0,4)***

**Question 36.** If/ it/ not rain/ tomorrow/ I/ go/ camping/ my friends.

- .

**Question 37.** If/ I/ meet/ alien/ outer space/ I/ invite / home.

- .

**Question 38.** I/ never/ travelled/ by/ air.

- .

**Question 39.** The students/ study/ for their exam/ now.

- .

**Question 40.** It/ be/ such/ cold day/ we/ decide/ not/ go out.

- .

**REVISION 2**

**PART A. PHONETICS**

***I. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others.*** **Question 1. A.** informed **B.** impressed **C.** installed **D.** admired

**Question 2. A.** planet **B.** fashion **C.** travel **D.** nature

***II. Choose the word whose primary stress is placed differently from that of the others.***

**Question 3. A.** cover **B.** control **C.** provide **D.** remote

**Question 4. A.** happy **B.** hobby **C.** region **D.** agree

**Question 5. A.** decorate **B.** tradition **C.** family **D.** festival

**PART B. GRAMMAR AND VOCABULARY**

***I. Choose the best answer to complete each of the following sentences.***

**Question 6.** This is the man \_\_\_\_\_ will help us with the project

**A.** whose **B.** who **C.** which **D.** whom

**Question 7.** Tim: “Would you mind lending me your dictionary?” - Paul: “ .”

**A.** Yes, let’s **B.** Great

**C.** No, of course not **D.** Yes. Here you are

**Question 8.** I think that he danced \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than his friend.

A. more beautiful **B.** most beautiful

C. more beautifully **D.** most beautifully

**Question 9.** Tet is a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ which occurs in late January or early February.

**A.** festival **B.** meeting **C.** party **D.** activity

**Question 10.** The children have never read that book before, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

**A.** haven’t they **B.** have they **C.** hasn’t he **D.** has he

**Question 11.** It is reported that the severe \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in April, 2015 in Nepal caused a lot of damage.

**A.** typhoon **B.** snowstorm **C.** tidal wave **D.** earthquake

**Question 12.** She was sick yesterday, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ she was absent from school.

**A.** so **B.** since **C.** because **D.** but

**Question 13.** Smoke from factories can cause air \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** pollute **B.** pollution **C.** polluting **D.** pollutant

**Question 14.** The Internet is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ useful invention of modern life.

**A.** a **B.** an **C.** the **D.** Ø (no article)

**Question 15.** The bus collected us at 5 o’clock early \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the morning.

**A.** on **B.** from **C.** in **D.** at

***II. Put the verb into the correct form.***

Eg: John often (cycle) ***cycles***  to work.

**Question 16.** “Where’s Jill?” - “She (***have***) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a bath at the moment.”

**Question 17.** Jack broke his leg when he (***play***) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ football.

**Question 18.** They (***not*** ***see***) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ each other since they left school.

**Question 19.** If she (***finish***) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the work, she will go home early.

**Question 20.** We tried (***work***) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ hard in order to get good marks.

***III. Choose the letter A, B, C, or D to show the underlined part that needs correction.***

Eg: (**A**) It rained (**B**) heavily, so I (**C**) don’t go to (**D**) school yesterday.

**Question 21.** After (**A**) learning the lesson, the children got (**B**) many information (**C**) about the history of (**D**) their country.

**Question 22.** They asked me (**A**) what did happen (B) last night, but I was (**C**) unable to tell (**D**) them.

**Question 23.** Both Peter and his brother (**A**) are working (**B**) for a factory (**C**) where makes (**D**) electric bikes.

**Question 24.** (**A**) Could you please look (**B**) at my children (**C**) when I’m (**D**) away?

**Question 25.** My brother stopped (**A**) to smoke (**B**) because it was (**C**) harmful (**D**) for his health.

**PART C. READING**

***I. Read the passage and answer the questions.***

For the last few years, my children have been going to a summer camp in Northern Greece called Skouras Camp. They always seem to have a good time, so if you’re wondering what to do with the kids for three weeks this summer, you can send them to this beautiful camp on the shores of the Aegean Sea. If your children, like mine, are keen on adventure, sports and good company, the Skouras Camp will keep them busy all day doing the things they most enjoy. Skouras is an international camp with children from all over the world. My children have made friends with children of their own age from Poland, China, Denmark and the United States. Naturally, they get lots of opportunities to practice their English as this is the only language spoken. The Camp is in one of the most beautiful parts of Chalkidiki. It is huge (120,000 square meters) and is just a stone’s throw away from the clear, blue Aegean Sea. It takes the children just five minutes to walk to the golden sandy beach. The programme is packed with exciting activities such as horse riding and table tennis. Other sports include basketball, volleyball and athletics. The Camp ends with a sports contest in the last week which all parents are invited to attend.

**Question 26.** All the children come to the camp have to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** be at the same age **B.** be only keen on adventure

**C.** speak English **D.** practice basketball

**Question 27.** All the following statements are true EXCEPT \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** The children will be busy taking part in the Camp’s programmed activities

**B.** The Camp is quite far from the Aegean Sea

**C.** The parents can attend their children’s sports contest

**D.** The children will take more chances of English practice

**Question 28.** The children can walk to the golden sandy beach within \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** 5 minutes **B.** 20 minutes **C.** an hour **D.** a day

**Question 29.** How many kinds of sports can be played in the Camp?

**Question 30.** What is the last activity that the children can join in the Camp?

***II. Choose the best answer to complete the passage.***

**The History of Shoes**

In the past, importance (Eg)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ not given to shoes being comfortable or fashionable. These early foot coverings were probably animal skins, which people tied round their ankles during cold (**31**)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. We still use leather today, but other materials such as silk, plastic, or cotton are also popular, depending (**32**)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ what is in fashion.

It was only one hundred and fifty years ago that people began to wear a different shoe on each foot. Formerly, the two shoes had been straight instead of shaped and (**33**)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ be worn on the left or the right foot. All shoes used to be made by hand, but now, (**34**)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ there are shoemakers still using their traditional skills, most shoes are now machine-made in large factories. The introduction of sewing machines allowed the shoe industry to produce a large (**35**)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of cheaper shoes for a wider range of buyers.

**Eg: A.** is **B.** are **C.** was **D.** were

**Question 31. A.** weather **B.** climate **C.** temperature **D.** condition

**Question 32. A.** in **B.** of **C.** from **D.** on

**Question 33. A.** had to **B.** could **C.** ought to **D.** should

**Question 34. A.** although **B.** if **C.** unless **D.** since

**Question 35. A.** number **B.** total **C.** sum **D.** size

**PART D. WRITING**

***Rewrite the sentence, using the words given so that the second sentence has exactly the same meaning.***

Eg: If you don’t work hard, you will get bad marks.

- Unless ***you work hard, you will get bad marks***.

**Question 36.** The teacher has invited all the students in the class.

- All die students in the class .

**Question 37.** “Why do you like this job?” Tom said to me.

- Tom asked me .

**Question 38.** She can’t lift the table because she is not strong enough.

- If .

**Question 39.** Because his bike was broken, he arrived late for the concert.

- Because of .

**Question 40.** I haven’t visited Hanoi since 1998.

- The last time \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

**REVISION 3**

***I - Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others. (0,2)***

**Question 1. A.** information **B.** informative **C.** forward **D.** formal

**Question 2. A.** shout **B.** through **C.** mountain **D.** household

**Question 3. A.** teenager **B.** message **C.** village **D.** advantage

**Question 4. A.** control **B.** folk **C.** remote **D.** documentary

**Question 5. A.** access **B.** website **C.** violent **D.** internet

***II - Choose the best answer from the four options given (marked A, B, C, or D) to complete each sentence. (0,2)***

**Question 6.** They \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Ho Chi Minh City last summer.

**A.** visit **B.** will visit **C.** have visit **D.** visited

**Question 7.** He asked me if I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to school by bicycle every day.

**A.** am going **B.** go **C.** was going **D.** went

**Question 8.** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Friday morning, there is a meeting between 11 am and 1 pm.

**A.** In **B.** For **C.** On **D.** At

**Question 9.** The article was posted by Jim on Tuesday, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

**A.** didn’t it **B.** wasn’t it **C.** was it **D.** did it

**Question 10.** She was sick yesterday, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ she was absent from school.

**A.** since **B.** so **C.** because **D.** but

**Question 11.** You really saw a UFO, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

**A.** aren’t you **B.** don’t you **C.** didn’t you **D.** weren’t you

**Question 12.** If Mr. John \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ rich, he would travel around the world.

**A.** is **B.** will be **C.** had been **D.** were

**Question 13.** Lan \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the train if she \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in a hurry.

**A.** will miss/ is not **B.** misses/ is not

**C.** misses/ is **D.** will miss/ does not

**Question 14.** The book \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is on the table belongs to ray brother.

**A.** which **B.** where **C.** whose **D.** who

**Question 15.** I didn’t go to the party yesterday because \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** I am sick **B.** I will be sick **C.** I was sick **D.** I would be sick

**Question 16.** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ it was so cold, he went out without an overcoat

**A.** Although **B.** Since **C.** If **D.** Because

**Question 17.** Tom said that he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in Leeds in England.

**A.** is living **B.** has lived **C.** lived D**.** were living

**Question 18.** He asked me \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** what my phone number **B.** what my phone number were

**C.** what my phone number was **D.** what was my phone number

**Question 19.** Don’t forget to buy me a dictionary, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

**A.** do you **B.** will you **C.** shall you **D.** don’t you

**Question 20.** The examiner didn’t tell me \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ I passed or not.

**A.** whether **B.** how **C.** If **D.** why

***III - Identify the underlined word/ phrase (A or B, C, D) that needs correcting to become an exact one. (0,2)***

**Question 21.** I saw (**A**) the men, the women and (**B**) the cattle (**C**) which (**D**) went to the field.

**Question 22.** Look at the two (**A**) dictionarys and you (**B**) will see they are (**C**) the same (**D**) in some ways.

**Question 23.** There is (**A**) no water in the house. If (**B**) there is, we could (**C**) cook (**D**) dinner.

**Question 24.** She (**A**) did her (**B**) test (**C**) careful (**D**) last week.

**Question 25.** (**A**) Would you mind (**B**) turn on the lights, please? It’s (**C**) too dark for me (**D**) to read.

***IV - Read the following passage, then choose the correct answer to questions 26 - 30. (0,2)***

Today, computer companies sell many different programs for computers. First, there are programs for doing math problems. (**26**)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, there are programs for scientific studies. Third, some programs are like fancy typewriters. They are often used by writers and business people. Other (**27**)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_are made for courses in schools and universities. And finally, there are programs for fun. They include word games and puzzles for children and adults.

There are many wonderful new computer programs, but there are other reasons to like (**28**)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Some people like the way computers hum and sing when they (**29**)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. It is a happy sound, like the sounds of toy and childhood. Computers also have lights and pretty pictures. And computers even seem to have personalities. That may sound strange, but computers seem to have feelings. Sometimes they seem happy, sometimes they seem angry. It is easy (**30**)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ they are like people.

**Question 26. A.** Two **B.** Second **C.** Twice **D.** Double

**Question 27. A.** programs **B.** people **C.** students **D.** typewriters

**Question 28. A.** programs **B.** reasons **C.** games **D.** computers

**Question 29. A.** work **B.** have worked **C.** are working **D.** worked

**Question 30. A.** to think **B.** to thinking **C.** for thinking **D.** that thought

***V - Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first one. (0,4)***

**Question 31.** Can you use this computer?

- You can ?

**Question 32.** I can’t remember the answers to these questions.

- I wish .

**Question 33.** “I must go to Hanoi tomorrow.” said Hung.

- Hung said .

**Question 34.** Hoa spends 4 hours a day practicing English with her friends.

- It takes .

**Question 35.** We take our umbrellas because it is raining heavily.

- It is .

***VI - Complete each of the following sentences, using the words given. (0,4)***

**Question 36.** You / mind / if I / borrow / car / ?

- .

**Question 37.** Tom / always / going / home / late / so / mother / be/ angry /.

- .

**Question 38.** It / be/ necessary / you/ practice English / every day /.

- .

**Question 39.** Compost / can / made / household / garden waste /.

- .

**Question 40.** Flight 710 / Chicago / take off / ten / minutes /.

- .

**REVISION 4**

***I/ (1,0 point) Choose the word in each group that has the underlined part pronounced differently from the rest. Write A, B, C or D on your answer sheet.***

**Question 1. A.** nothing **B.** cover **C.** morning **D.** done

**Question 2. A.** how **B.** town **C.** slow **D.** power

**Question 3. A.** change **B.** chemistry **C.** choose **D.** cheese

**Question 4. A.** match **B.** catch **C.** math **D.** watch

**Question 5. A.** bread **B.** great **C.** break **D.** steak

***II/ (3,0 points) Choose the best word or phrase to complete the following sentences. Write A, B, C or D on your answer sheet.***

**Question 6.** I like reading books \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ tell about different peoples and their cultures.

**A.** who **B.** whom **C.** which **D.** Where

**Question 7.** “Buy me a dictionary on your way back, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?”

**A.** will you B**.** don’t you **C.** can’t you **D.** are you

**Question 8.** Mary usually walks to school but today she \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a bike. .

**A.** ride **B.** rides **C.** riding **D.** is riding

**Question 9.** She worked hard \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ she passed the exam.

**A.** so **B.** if **C.** because **D.** as

**Question 10.** I’ll give you a lift to the station if you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in a hurry.

**A.** were **B.** are **C.** will be **D.** would be

**Question 11.** I’m feeling pretty tired. Do you mind \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ me home?

**A.** taking **B.** took **C.** take **D.** to take

**Question 12.** Nam looks much \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ today than yesterday.

**A.** good **B.** well **C.** better **D.** the best

**Question 13.** Scientists and engineers have invented devices to remove \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from industrial wastes.

**A.** polluted **B.** pollute **C.** polluting **D.** pollutants

**Question 14.** The dress you bought is of very good quality. It \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ very expensive.

**A.** may be **B.** must be **C.** should have been **D.** must have been

**Question 15.** The Pikes put \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ their trip because of bad weather.

**A.** away **B.** up **C.** out **D.** off

**Question 16.** Neither Linh nor her classmates \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the National Museum so far.

**A.** visit **B.** visited **C.** have visited **D.** has visited

**Question 17.** ***Nga:*** “You look nervous! – ***Hoa:*** “This thunder scares me to death. “

**A.** How are you? **B.** Why’s that? **C.** Come on! **D.** What’s wrong?

**Question 18.** He was homesick and he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ all his family and friends.

**A.** missed **B.** wished **C.** desired **D.** hoped

**Question 19.** I’m very \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to you for putting in so much hard work.

**A.** thoughtful **B.** grateful **C.** considerate **D.** careful

**Question 20.** If you come to the theatre late, you have to wait until the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to get in.

**A.** break **B.** refreshment **C.** interval **D.** half-time

***III/ (1,5 points) Read the passage and choose the best option A, B, C or D to answer the question. Write your answers on the answer sheet.***

Along with jogging and swimming, cycling is one of the best all-round forms of exercise. It can help to increase your strength and energy, giving you more efficient muscles and a stronger heart. But increasing your strength is not the only advantage of cycling. Because you’re not carrying the weight of your body on your feet, it’s a good form of exercise for people with painful feet or backs. However, with all forms of exercise it’s important to start slowly and build up gently. Doing too much too quickly can damage muscles that aren’t used to working. If you have any doubts about taking up cycling for health reasons, talk to your doctor and ask for his/her advice.

Ideally you should be cycling at least two or three times a week. For the exercise to be doing you good, you should get a little out of breath. Don’t worry that if you begin to lose your breath, it could be dangerous and there must be something wrong with your heart. This is simply not true; shortness of breath shows that the exercise is having the right effect. However, if you find you are in pain then you should stop and take a rest.

**Question 21.** People with back problems might go cycling because \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** it enables them to carry the weight of their body on their feet

**B.** it does not make them carry the weight of their body on their feet

**C.** it helps to make their backs become stronger

**D.** it helps them to relieve their backache

**Question 22.** All forms of exercise must be started \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** gradually **B.** quickly **C.** strenuously **D.** violently

**Question 23.** According to the writer, it is best to go cycling

**A.** once a week **B.** at least two or three times a week

**C.** at least two or three times a day **D.** every day

**Question 24.** You should not worry about the shortness of breath because \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** it shows that there is something wrong with your heart

**B.** it shows that you should stop and take a rest

**C.** it is a sign of exercise having the right effect

**D.** it is a sign of your getting rid of your heart problem

**Question 25.** Which of the following is NOT included in the advantages of cycling?

**A.** Giving you a stronger heart **B.** Increasing you strength and energy

**C.** Giving you better muscles **D.** Making you look younger

***IV/ (1,5 points) Fill in each blank with one suitable word. Write your answers on the answer sheet.***

Energy is one of the problems that many people are interested in. It is not an unfamiliar word. It is heard, said, discussed day after day. It is close to everyone’s (**26**)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ “life. You turn on the lamp and it is (**27**) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that gives you light You turn on a TV and it is energy that gives you pictures and sound. You ride a motorcycle and it is energy that gives you movement. You (**28**)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ your meals and it is energy that gives you heat to boil rice.

The problem is that the demand for energy is rising and that the price of energy is getting (**29**)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and higher. The supply of energy on earth is limited. It cannot provide us all forever. The shortage of energy in the future is inevitable. Therefore, (**30**)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ energy is a must if we want to continue to live in a safe and sound world.

***V/ (1,5 points) Complete the following sentences, using the words or phrases suggested. Write your answers on the answer sheet.***

**Question 31.** I / fed / hopeful / that / we / find / suitable house / very soon.

🡪

**Question 32.** She / not / play / piano / well / as / her sister.

🡪

**Question 33.** I wish / could / give you / all the expensive things / life.

🡪

**Question 34.** You / hear / Maria / since / you / leave school?

🡪

**Question 35.** The people / live / next door to us / keep / have / all night parties.

🡪

***VI/ (1,5 points) Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means exactly the same as the sentence printed before it. Write your answers on the answer sheet.***

**Question 36.** People are going to build a new library in the area.

🡪 A new library .

**Question 37.** “Why don’t you take a day off tomorrow?” she said to me.

🡪 She suggested that .

**Question 38.** The weather is bad so we can’t go camping.

🡪 If the weather .

**Question 39.** He was punished because he behaved badly.

🡪 Because of .

**Question 40.** The keeper had no sooner opened the case door than the lion attacked him.

🡪 Hardly .

**REVISION 5**

**PHẦN A: NGỮ ÂM (1.0 điểm)**

***I. Chọn từ có phần gạch chân được phát âm khác so với các từ còn lại.***

**Question 1. A.** studie**s** **B.** burn**s** **C.** bear**s** **D.** pick**s**

**Question 2. A.** m**i**ss **B.** l**i**ttle **C.** ch**i**ld **D.** l**i**sten

***II. Chọn từ có trọng âm chính rơi vào vị trí khác so với các từ còn lại.***

**Question 3. A.** purpose **B.** remote **C.** control **D.** respond

**Question 4. A.** lesson **B.** delay **C.** wonder **D.** pencil

**PHẦN B: NGỮ PHÁP VÀ TỪ VỰNG (4.0 điểm)**

***I. Chia động từ trong ngoặc cho phù hợp để hoàn thành các câu sau.***

**Question 5.** My brother (***listen***) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to music every night.

**Question 6.** Look! The dogs (***run***) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ after Nghia over there.

**Question 7.** I wish they (***be***) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ here now.

**Question 8.** Do you mind (***not*** ***smoke***) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ here?

**Question 9.** If he came here today, we (***feel***) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ happier.

**Question 10.** That laptop (***repair***) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ at the moment.

**Question 11.** So far he (***write***) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ one hundred books.

**Question 12.** Tim always (***blame***) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ his faults on the others.

***II. Chọn một từ đúng trong ngoặc để hoàn thành các câu sau.***

**Question 13.** Tim told Hoa he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ staying in Hilton Hotel then. (***is /was***)

**Question 14.** We were \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ill, so we had to stay at home. (***bad/badly***)

**Question 15.** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ she is very short, she can play volleyball well. (***Though/Because***)

**Question 16.** The house \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ I used to live in was sold last year. (***whom/which***)

**Question 17.** David and Mary have live here \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 2000. (***in/since***)

**Question 18.** There should be practical measures to control air \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (***polluted/pollution***)

**Question 19.** Nowadays women go out to work and become more \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than they used to. (***independent/dependent***)

**Question 20.** We are waiting for the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of his plane. (***arrive/arrival***)

**PHẦN C: ĐỌC HIỂU (2.5 điểm)**

***I. Đọc và chọn từ thích hợp trong ô dưới đây điền vào mỗi chỗ trống để hoàn thành đoạn văn.***

**PRONOUNCING EXCITED BECAUSE TELL UNTIL**

I went to Australia on a student program last year and I like to (21)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ you about it. I was very (22)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ when I knew I was going to Australia because I had never been there before. I didn’t think about the problems of speaking English (23)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ I met my host family. At first I couldn’t communicate with them because my English was so bad. All the five years I had been learning English wasn’t much used at all (24)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ we didn’t have real practice at school. Even though my grammar was good, my pronunciation wasn’t. My problem is (25)\_\_\_ “l” and “r”. For example, Australian people often asked “What do you eat in Vietnam?’’ I wanted to tell them that we eat rice, but they didn’t understand when I said “We eat rice’’...

***II. Đọc đoạn văn sau và trả lời các câu hỏi dưới đây.***

The Statue of Liberty is one of America’s most familiar images. It is located on an island in New York Harbor. It is a symbol of freedom. It was a gift to American people from French to show the friendship between the two nations. This is the statue of a woman who is wearing a loose robe and a crown on her head. Her right hand holds a burning torch, and her left hand holds a tablet with the date July, 4th 1776 on it. The statue weighs 205 tons and it is 46 meters high. It stands on a stone base. The base and the pedestal increase the height of the monument to 93 meters. The statue was completed in 1884 in France, and then transported to America in 1886. Tourists can visit the statue from 9.30 a.m to 5 p.m daily except Christmas Day.

**Question 26.** Is the Statue of Liberty one of the most familiar image in America?

**Question 27.** Where is the Statue of Liberty located?

**Question 28.** What was written on a tablet that is on the Statue’s left hand?

**Question 29.** How high is the statue?

**Question 30.** When and where was it completed?

**PHẦN D: VIẾT (2.5 điểm)**

***I. Chọn từ hoặc cụm từ gạch chân (A, B, C hoặc D) được sử dụng chưa đúng.***

**Question 31.** Mr. Mathew (**A**) told to Mr. Hoan (**B**) that he was (**C**) going to have a picnic (**D**) the next week.

**Question 32.** No (**A**) matter how (**B**) intelligent he is, (**C**) but he cannot (**D**) do that exercise.

***II. Dùng từ gợi ý để viết lại các câu sau sao cho nghĩa của câu không thay đổi so với câu ban đầu.***

**Question 33.** Have they ever been to the Philippines?

=> They ?

**Question 34.** “We are learning English at this moment” Nam said.

=> Nam said

**Question 35.** As it doesn’t rain in winter, people in this area lack water.

=> It doesn’t

**Question 36.** We must answer this letter immediately.

=> This letter

**Question 37.** I don’t have a bicycle.

=> I wish

***III. Sắp xếp các từ, cụm từ thành câu hoàn chỉnh.***

**Question 38.** will/ the / in / Hung / be / a / famous / teacher / future.

**Question 39.** it / together / yesterday afternoon, / we / played / Though / soccer / rained / happily

**Question 40.** of / the / she / best / fact / In / salary / low,/ is / spite / that / her/ try / her / hard./ will / work / to/

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**REVISION 6**

***I- Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others. (0,2)***

**Question 1. A.** think **B.** therefore **C.** throughout **D.** thank

**Question 2. A.** cleaned **B.** played **C.** used **D.** hoped

**Question 3. A.** stood **B.** blood **C.** good **D.** foot

**Question 4. A.** nation **B.** natural **C.** matter **D.** anger

**Question 5. A.** books **B.** dubs **C.** hats **D.** stamps

***II - Choose the best answer from the four options given (A, B, C, or D) to complete each sentence. (0,2)***

**Question 6.** Helen: “Where do you come from!” ~ Ann “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.”

**A.** I come from London **B.** In London

**C.** Yes, I’ve just come here **D.** I’m living in London

**Question 7.** He \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the cafe when she came.

**A.** sat **B.** has sat **C.** has been sitting **D.** was sitting

**Question 8.** Mr. Dung will leave \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Nghe An on Sunday.

**A.** in **B.** at **C.** from **D.** for

**Question 9.** Nga: “Pass me that pen, please!” ~Lan: “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

**A.** Here you are **B.** No, it isn’t **C.** Yes, please **D.** It doesn’t matter

**Question 10.** Where is Huong? ~ She’s out. She said she \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ back soon.

**A.** is **B.** was **C.** came **D.** would be

**Question 11.** Nam has applied for a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in a new company.

**A.** career **B.** work **C.** job **D.** task

**Question 12.** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ you let me take a photograph of you?

**A.** Will **B.** Shall **C.** May **D.** Must

**Question 13.** All of us were \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that he came first.

**A.** surprising **B.** to surprise **C.** surprised **D.** to be surprised

**Question 14.** I telephoned the station to make \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the time of the train.

**A.** sure **B.** true **C.** real **D.** right

**Question 15.** My brother loves \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to music very much.

**A.** to be listened **B.** listening **C.** to listen **D.** listened

**Question 16.** He \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ his grandparents every Sunday.

**A.** has visited **B.** visits **C.** is visiting **D.** was visiting

**Question 17.** The policeman explained to us \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to get to the airport.

**A.** how **B.** how can we **C.** how can **D.** how we can

**Question 18.** Several people were hurt in the accident but only one \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to hospital.

**A.** was taken **B.** was taking **C.** has taken **D.** has been taking

**Question 19.** He \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in London at the moment

**A.** studies **B.** is studying **C.** has studied **D.** will study

**Question 20.** The college got some money by selling one of its \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ old pictures.

**A.** useful **B.** usual **C.** valuable **D.** helpful

***III - Identify the underlined word/phrase (A or B, C, D) that needs correcting to become an exact one. (0,2)***

**Question 21.** Hurry up! (**A**) She’s cut (**B**) herself. It (**C**) bleeds (**D**) quite badly.

**Question 22.** (**A**) The printed paper will (**B**) get out (**C**) from the output path (**D**) on a minute.

**Question 23.** My (**A**) computer (**B**) doesn’t work. I (**C**) think that it (**D**) is broke.

**Question 24.** Everybody (**A**) I know (**B**) like eating (**C**) chocolate and (**D**) ice-cream.

**Question 25.** (**A**) The teacher (**B**) is telling the pupils (**C**) what to use the new (**D**) equipment.

***IV - Read the following passage, then choose the correct answer to questions 26 - 30. (0,2)***

Solar energy is a long lasting source of energy, and it can (**26**)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ almost anywhere. To generate solar energy, we only need solar cells and (**27**) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Solar cells can easily be installed on house (**28**)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, so we don’t need any new space. Compared to other renewable sources, this source of energy possesses more advantages because wind and water power rely on turbines which (**29**)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ noisy, expensive and which take lip large space. Solar cells are totally silent and (**30**)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. As they have no moving parts, they require little maintenance and have a long lifetime.

**Question 26. A.** be used **B.** is used **C.** be using **D.** to be used

**Question 27. A.** the earth **B.** the planet **C.** the sun **D.** the moon

**Question 28. A.** yards **B.** roofs **C.** gardens **D.** doors

**Question 29. A.** is **B.** be **C.** are **D.** was

**Question 30. A.** polluted **B.** polluting **C.** non-polluted **D.** non-polluting

***V - Read the following passage, then choose the correct answer to questions 31 - 35. (0,4)***

*Devastating floods* along the coast have left many people homeless. People are asked to help by donating food, clothes, furniture, and other supplies to the Assistance Fund. Donations of bottled water are especially needed, since, the floods have disrupted the local water supply. In addition, volunteers are needed to travel to the hooded area to help distribute the donations.

**Question 31.** What does this notice concern?

**A.** Help for flood victims. **B.** Safety precaution.

**C.** Dangerous roads. **D.** Warning about weather.

**Question 32.** What kind of supplies is NOT mentioned?

**A.** Furniture **B.** Clothing **C.** Food **D.** Medicine

**Question 33.** In addition to supplies, what is needed?

**A.** Volunteers **B.** New bridges **C.** Places to stay **D.** Teacher

**Question 34.** “devastating floods” in line 1 refer to those that \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** happen suddenly **B.** are very short

**C.** last for a long time. **D.** cause a lot of damage

**Question 35.** The word “donating” in line 2 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** selling **B.** buying **C.** giving **D.** taking

***VI - Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first one. (0,4)***

**Question 36.** I couldn’t sleep. I was tired.

Although .

**Question 37.** The planet is Venus. The planet is closest to the Earth.

The planet which .

**Question 38.** They have just sent an ambulance to the school.

An ambulance .

**Question 39.** “There are flights from Nha Trang to Hanoi twice a week” they said to me.

They told me .

**Question 40.** “Don’t interrupt me while I am speaking.” Nam said to Hoa.

Nam told Hoa not .

**REVISION 7**

***Câu I. Chọn một phương án A, B, C hoặc D ứng với từ có phần gạch chân được phát âm khác với các từ còn lại. (1,0 điểm)***

**Question 1. A.** runs **B.** stands **C.** sleeps **D.** sprays

**Question 2. A.** enjoyed **B.** walked **C.** watched **D.** practiced

**Question 3. A.** occasion **B.** collection **C.** opinion **D.** pagoda

**Question 4. A.** earthquake **B.** ethnic **C.** weather **D.** health

***Câu II. Chọn môt phương án đúng A, B, C hoặc D ứng với từ hoặc cụm từ thích hợp để hoàn thành các câu sau. (3,0 điểm)***

**Question 5.** Susan is very \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of telling other people what to do.

**A.** fond **B.** interested **C.** keen **D.** bored

**Question 6.** Some writers can exactly describe things \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ they have never seen.

**A.** when **B.** that **C.** where **D.** who

**Question 7.** A meeting will be \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to discuss the matter.

**A.** run **B.** taken **C.** held **D.** done

**Question 8.** Mr. Smith is having lunch in a restaurant.

Mr. Smith: “ Could you bring me some water?”

Waiter: “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

**A.** No, I don’t **B.** I don’t wait **C.** Certainly, sir **D.** No, thanks.

**Question 9.** Who’s going to look \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the children while you’re away?

**A.** at **B.** after **C.** up **D.** over

**Question 10.** They are not \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to join the army.

**A.** old enough **B.** so old **C.** enough old **D.** as old

**Question 11.** Jane invites Mary to go to the cinema.

Janw: “Would you like to go to the cinema with me this weekend?”

Mary: “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

**A.** Yes, I’d love to. **B.** Yes, I do **C.** I agree with you **D.** Yes, it is

**Question 12.** These plants won’t grow \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ there is enough sunshine.

**A.** though **B.** so **C.** if **D.** unless

**Question 13.** I was really worried \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ my brother because he didn’t come home last night.

**A.** at **B.** of **C.** with **D.** about

**Question 14.** John works much \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than we do.

**A.** hard **B.** more hardly **C.** harder **D.** hardest

**Question 15.** “ When’s your birthday, Ann?”

**A.** On the thirty- one of July **B.** On the thirty- first of July

**C.** On July the thirty- one **D.** In July the thirty- first

**Question 16.** My mother doesn’t like coffee and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** neither do I **B.** neither I do **C.** either do I **D.** I don’t, too

***Câu III. Tìm một lỗi sai trong bốn phần gạch chân A, B, C hoặc D trong các câu sau đây. (1,0 điểm)***

**Question 17.** You have (**A**) read this (**B**) interesting article (**C**) on the website, (**D**) have you?

**Question 18.** Jeans cloth (**A**) made (**B**) completely (**C**) from cotton (**D**) in the eighteenth century.

**Question 19.** (**A**) My sister enjoys (**B**) listening (**C**) to music and (**D**) dance with her friends. **Question 20.** The mother (**A**) asked (**B**) her son what (**C**) did he want for (**D**) his birthday.

***Câu IV. Viết dạng đúng của động từ trong ngoặc để hoàn chỉnh các câu sau. (1,0 điểm)***

**Question 21.** She spends two hours **(work)** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ part -time at a supermarket near her house every day.

**Question 22.** When I came, they **(talk)** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ happily about the last night’s movie.

**Question 23.** You **(see)** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Jenifer since she left for France?

**Question 24.** She used to **(take)** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to school by her mother.

***Câu V. Viết dạng đúng của từ trong ngoặc để hoàn chỉnh các câu sau. (1,0 điểm)***

**Question 25.** A newspaper which is published every week is called a **(week)** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ newspaper.

**Question 26.** He has been working as **a (type)** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for twenty years.

**Question 27.** The operation was **(succeed)** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and she got better quickly.

**Question 28.** My stomachache **(appear)** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ after I took the tablets.

***Câu VI. Chọn một phương án đúng nhất A, B, C hoặc D để điền vào chỗ trống trong đoạn văn sau. (1,0 điểm)***

Mr. Brown and some volunteer conservationists are on a very duty beach now. Today they are ready (**29**)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the beach a clean and beautiful place again. After listening to Mr. Brown’s instructions, they are divided (**30**)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ three groups.

Group I needs to walk along the shore. Group 2 should check the sand, and group 3 has to check among the rocks. Garbage must be put into plastic bags, and they will be (**31**)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by Mr. Jones. He will take the bags to the garbage dump. Each member will be given a map to find the right place. They won’t eat the picnic lunch provided by Mrs. Smith until the whole area is clean. They are all eager to work hard so as to refresh this (**32**)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ area.

**Question 29. A.** make **B.** making **C.** to make **D.** made

**Question 30. A.** in **B.** into **C.** on **D.** to

**Question 31. A.** collected **B.** chosen **C.** selected **D.** elected

**Question 32. A.** spoil **B.** spoils **C.** spoiling **D.** spoiled

***Câu VII. Đọc đoạn văn sau và trả lời câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)***

Long ago a lot of people thought the moon was a god. Other people thought it was just a light in the sky. And others thought it was a big ball of cheese!

The television were made. And men saw that the moon was really another world. They wondered what it was like. They dreamed of going there.

On July 20th, 1969, that dream came true. Two American men landed on the moon. Their names were Neil Armstrong and Edwin Aldrin. The first thing the men found was that the moon was covered with dust. The dust was so thick that the men left footprints where they walked. Those were the first marks a living thing had ever made on the moon. And they could stay there for years and years. There is no wind or rain to wipe them off.

The two men walked on the moon for two hours. They picked up rocks to bring back to the earth for study. They dug up dirt to bring back. They set up machines to find out things people wanted to know. Then they climbed back into their moon landing craft.

**Question 33.** Did many people think that the moon was a god?

**Question 34.** When did two American men land on the moon?

**Question 35.** How long did the two men walk on the moon?

**Question 36.** Why did they pick up rocks to bring back to the earth?

***Câu VIII. Hoàn chỉnh câu thứ hai sao cho không thay đổi nghĩa so với câu đã cho. (1,0 điểm)***

**Question 37.** “ Will you be free tomorrow?” She said to me.

🡪 She asked me

**Question 38.** They have just built a new bridge in the area.

🡪 A new bridge

**Question 39.** I last saw Peter when he attended the school meeting.

🡪 I haven’t

**Question 40.** They boy was too tired to keep on walking.

🡪 They boy was so

**REVISION 8**

***I/*** *(1,0 point)* ***Choose the word in each group that has the underlined part pronounced differently from the rest. Write the letter A, B, C or D on the answer sheet.***

**Question 1.** **A.** Wanted **B.** Decided **C.** Needed **D.** Washed

**Question 2. A.** Eats **B.** Stops **C.** Lives **D.** Cooks

**Question 3. A.** Many **B.** Fat **C.** Man **D.** Cat

**Question 4.** **A.** Husband **B.** Humour **C.** Hurry **D.** Hundred

**Question 5. A.** Century **B.** Structure **C.** Infectious **D.** Question

***II/*** *(3,0 points)* ***Choose the best word or phrase to complete the following sentences. Write the letter A, B, C or D on the answer sheet.***

**Question 6.** This machine \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ used since last week.

**A.** has been **B.** is **C.** was **D.** will be

**Question 7.** If he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ hard, he will pass his math test next week.

**A.** study **B.** studies **C.** studied **D.** is studying

**Question 8.** We \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ go swimming together when we \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the village.

**A.** used to/lived **B**. used to/live

**C.** are used to/lived **D.** get used to/lived

**Question 9.** My brother got wet \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ he didn’t bring the umbrella with him.

**A.** but **B.** so **C.** because **D.** and

**Question 10.** Mai made a big beautiful cake \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ her mother’s birthday.

**A.** by **B.** in **C.** at **D.** on

**Question 11.** They say that solar energy doesn’t cause \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** pollution **B.** pollute **C.** polluted **D.** pollutant

**Question 12.** Peter fell over while he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ basketball.

**A.** is playing **B.** was playing **C.** played **D.** plays

**Question 13.** The people \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ live in England speak English.

**A.** whom **B.** which **C.** who **D.** whose

**Question 14.** Be \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ! He is looking at you.

**A.** carefully **B.** care **C.** careful **D.** carelessly

**Question 15.** According to the weather \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, it will be raining tonight.

**A.** forecasting **B.** forecasted **C.** forecaster **D.** forecast

**Question 16.** Jane speaks English \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than you do.

**A.** more fluently **B.** more fluent **C.** more faster **D.** more better

**Question 17.** Let’s go out for a walk, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

**A.** don’t we **B.** do we **C.** shall we **D.** will we

**Question 18.** He made an interesting speech in the opening \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** competition **B.** ceremony **C.** preparation **D.** solidarity

**Question 19.** Due to the bad weather, the flight to Manchester was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** taken off **B.** cut down **C.** turned down **D.** put off

**Question 20. Nam:** “Congratulations on your success!” **Hoa:** “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

**A.** You’re welcome **B.** No, thanks **C.** Thank you **D.** Yes, of course

***III/*** *(1,0 point)* ***Read the following passage then answer the questions. Write your answers on the answer sheet.***

Mark Twain was a famous American writer. His real name was Samuel Langhorne Clemens and “Mark Twain” was his pen name. He was born in a small town on the Missouri River in the USA. The boy had many friends at school and when he became a writer, he described them in his stories.

When he was twelve, his father died and the boy began to work and learned the profession of a printer. He always wanted to be a sailor and when he was twenty, he found work on a river boat. Then he left the boat and lived in California. Here he began writing short stories under the name of Mark Twain. He sent them to newspapers. The readers liked his stories very much. His best novel “*The Adventure of Tom Sawyer* “ was published in 1876.

**Question 21.** Who was Mark Twain?

**Question 22.** Where was he born?

**Question 23.** How old was he when his father died?

**Question 24.** Did the readers like his stories very much?

**Question 25.** When was his best novel published?

***IV/*** *(1,0 point)* ***Choose the word that best fits the blank space in the following passage. Write the letter A, B, C or D on the answer sheet.***

If you are (**26**) \_\_\_\_\_\_ to someone’s house for dinner in the United States, you should (**27**) \_\_\_\_\_\_ a gift, such as a bunch of flowers or a box of chocolates. If you give your host a wrapped (**28**) \_\_\_\_\_\_, he or she may open it in front of you. Opening a present m front of the gift-giver is considered (**29**) \_\_\_\_\_\_. It shows that the host is excited about receiving the gift and wants to show his/her appreciation to you immediately. (**30**) \_\_\_\_\_\_ the host doesn’t like it, he or she will tell a “white lie” and say how much they like the gift to prevent the guest from feeling bad.

**Question 26. A.** called **B.** invited **C.** calling **D.** inviting

**Question 27. A.** take **B.** give **C.** bring **D.** make

**Question 28. A.** gift **B.** gifts **C.** flower **D.** flowers

**Question 29. A.** funny **B.** sad **C.** rude **D.** polite

**Question 30.** **A.** Although **B.** But **C.** Because **D.** So

***V/*** *(1,0 point)* ***Fill in each gap of the following sentences with ONE suitable word. Write it on your answer sheet.***

**Question 31.** It often rains heavily \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ summer.

**Question 32.** It took me 2 hours to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the letter to my best friend.

**Question 33.** Mrs Phuong always prides \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on her appearance.

**Question 34.** Would you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ lending me your pen?

**Question 35.** She arrived in Singapore \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Tuesday morning.

***VI/*** *(1,5 points)* ***Rearrange these words or phrases into meaningful sentences. The first one has been done for you as an example. Write your answers on the answer sheet.***

*Example:* **O.** in/live / Hung Yen. / I

🡪 I live in Hung Yen.

**Question 36.** journey / The / home village / my / is / to / interesting. / very

🡪

**Question 37.** Mr Ba / young. / used to / when / go swimming / was / he

🡪

**Question 38.** interested / playing / in / is / football. / My friend

🡪

**Question 39.** tired / he / now / because / Nam / is / stayed up / last night / late

🡪

**Question 40.** I / enough money, / had / If / buy / I / would / this book.

🡪

***VII/*** *(1,5 points)* ***Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means exactly the same as the sentence printed before it. Write your answers on the answer sheet.***

**Question 41.** “Let’s go out for dinner” Mary said.

🡪 Mary suggested .

**Question 42.** John is too young to understand the question.

🡪 John is not .

**Question 43.** The last time I heard from my sister was 5 months ago.

🡪 I haven’t .

**Question 44.** Nobody in the factory works more carefully than Mr Thanh.

🡪 Mr Thanh is the .

**Question 45.** The box was so heavy that my son couldn’t carry it.

🡪 It was .

**REVISION 9**

***I. Choose the word whose stress pattern is different from the others. (from 1 to 2)***

**Question 1. A.** nation **B.** happy **C.** receive **D.** active

**Question 2. A.** lunar **B.** reduce **C.** enjoy **D.** arrive

***II. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others. (From 3 to 5)***

**Question 3. A.** where **B.** when **C.** who **D.** which

**Question 4. A.** high **B.** light **C.** fine **D.** lit

**Question 5. A.** bowl **B.** now **C.** down **D.** cow

***III. Read the passage carefully and choose the best answer. (From 6 to 10)***

At 6.30 in the morning, the bus collected Ba and his family from their home. After picking everyone up, the bus continued to the North on the Highway Number 1. It crossed the Dragon Bridge and stopped at the gas station to get some more fuel. Then, it left the highway and turned left onto a smaller road westward. This road ran between paddy fields, so the people on the bus can see a lot of cows and buffaloes. The road ended before a big store beside a pond. Instead of turning left towards a small airport, the bus went in the opposite direction. It didn’t stay on that road for very long, but turned left onto a road which went through a small bamboo forest. Finally, the bus dropped everyone off at the parking lot ten meters from a big old banyan tree. It parked there and waited for people to come back in the evening

**Question 6.** Where did they catch a bus?

**A.** At their house. **B.** At gas station.

**C.** At Dragon Bridge. **D.** At a big store.

**Question 7.** What did they do after crossing the bridge?

**A.** To buy some snacks. **B.** To get more fuel.

**C.** To have breakfast. **D.** To relax.

**Question 8.** What could they see when they traveled along the fields?

**A.** Farmers. **B.** Historical sites. **C.** Beautiful sights. **D.** Cattle.

**Question 9.** There is a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ next to a big store.

**A.** old banyan tree **B.** lake **C.** river **D.** pond

**Question 10.** Where did the bus drop them off?

**A.** At the big old tree. **B.** At the gas station.

**C.** At the parking lot **D.** At the big store.

***IV. Choose A, B, C, or D that best completes each unfinished sentence; substitutes the underlined part; or has a close meaning to the original one. (from 11 to 35)***

**Question 11.** We go to school \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ bus.

**A.** by **B.** on **C.** with **D.** in

**Question 12.** She was born in Dak Nong \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 1995.

**A.** in **B.** at **C.** on **D.** since

**Question 13.** My father \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ me to the zoo last month.

**A.** was taking **B.** takes **C.** took **D.** take

**Question 14.** My school \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in 1992.

**A.** was built **B.** was building **C.** has been built **D.** is built

**Question 15.** Mr. John \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 20 cigarettes every day.

**A.** don’t smoke **B.** smokes **C.** smoked **D.** do smoke

**Question 16.** How long \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ there? For five years.

**A.** are you living **B.** have you lived **C.** did you live **D.** lived

**Question 17.** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ here tomorrow?.

**A.** Will they be **B.** Do they come **C.** Have you been **D.** Are they been

**Question 18.** She wishes she \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**A.** can’t swim **B.** can swim **C.** is swimming **D.** could swim

**Question 19.** Ba received three letters \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ you sent this morning.

**A.** whose **B.** that **C.** who **D.** whom

**Question 20.** Have you ever seen Mr. Philip, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is from America?

**A.** which **B.** who **C.** that **D.** whom

**Question 21.** We will have no fresh water to use if we \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the water.

**A.** polluted **B.** had polluted **C.** pollute **D.** will pollute

**Question 22.** If it rains this evening, I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ out

**A.** couldn’t go **B.** won’t go **C.** wouldn’t go **D.** don’t go

**Question 23.** It’s very hot, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ I go swimming.

**A.** so that **B.** such that **C.** so **D.** and

**Question 24.** He doesn’t write to his parents as often as he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** use to **B.** used to **C.** got used to **D.** get used to

**Question 25.** The doctor \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ me not to stay up too late at night

**A.** insisted **B.** forced **C.** advised **D.** suggested

**Question 26.** Millions of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ are interested in that program on TV.

**A.** audience **B.** viewers **C.** spectator **D.** watchers

**Question 27.** You must leave now, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ you will be late.

**A.** if **B.** otherwise **C.** and **D.** because

**Question 28.** These exercises are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. We cannot do them.

**A.** difficulty **B.** easy **C.** difficult **D.** easily

**Question 29.** Would you like to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the games?

**A. take** down **B.** take in **C.** take off **D.** take part in

**Question 30.** Although there are many celebrations throughout the year, Tet is the most important \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for Vietnamese people.

**A.** to celebrate **B.** celebration **C.** celebrations **D.** celebrate

**Question 31.** The baby laughed \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ as she played with her toys.

**A.** happier **B.** happyly **C.** happy **D.** happily

**Question 32.** If we keep our \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ clean, we will live a happier and healthier life.

**A.** Environments **B.** an environment **C.** the environment **D.** environment

**Question 33.** Don’t let children \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the kitchen.

**A.** play **B.** playing **C.** to play **D.** played

**Question 34.** The national dress of Japanese women is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** Ao dai **B.** Kimono **C.** Jeans **D.** Sari

**Question 35.** Lan / be /taller / work / fashion model.

**A.** If Lan were taller, she would work like a fashion model.

**B.** If Lan is taller, she will work as a fashion model.

**C.** If Lan were taller, she will work as a fashion model.

**D.** If Lan were taller, she would work as a fashion model.

***V. Choose the sentence which has the closest meaning to the original one. (from 36 to 37)***

**Question 36.** She is the woman. I met her last week.

**A.** She is the woman whom I met last week.

**B.** She is the woman whose I met last week.

**C.** She is the woman where I met her last week.

**D.** She is the woman which I met last week.

**Question 37.** The teacher said to them, “Don’t make noise in class!”

**A.** The teacher told them to not make noise in class.

**B.** The teacher told them don’t make noise in class.

**C.** The teacher told them not making noise in class.

**D.** The teacher told them not to make noise in class.

***VI. Error Identification. (From 38 to 40)***

**Question 38.** (**A**) I think I prefer (**B**) country life (**C**) more than (**D**) city life.

**Question 39.** (**A**) The picture (**B**) was painting (**C**) by Jane (**D**) last year.

**Question 40.** (**A**) At the moment, I am (**B**) spending my weekend (**C**) go to (**D**) camping with my friends.

**REVISION 10**

***I. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others. (1.0 point)***

**Question 1.** **A.** devoted **B.** suggested **C.** provided **D.** wished

**Question 2.** **A.** idea **B.** kill **C.** will **D.** trip

**Question 3.** **A.** health **B.** appear **C.** ready **D.** heavy

**Question 4.** **A.** that **B.** their **C.** the **D.** thank

***II. Choose the word or phrase that best fits the blank in each sentence. (2.0 points)***

**Question 5.** The party will finish \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 9 and 9.30.

**A.** among **B.** at **C.** between **D.** from

**Question 6.** We \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ this computer for over ten years.

**A.** have used **B.** were using **C.** used **D.** are using

**Question** 7. Traditionally, the Ao dai \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by both men and women.

**A.** frequently wore **B.** was frequently worn

**C.** was frequently wearing **D.** has frequently worn

**Question 8.** My sister studied hard, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ she completed her exam successfully.

**A.** although **B.** but **C.** because **D.** so

**Question 9.** Your sister works in a foreign company, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ she?

**A.** isn’t **B.** didn’t **C.** wasn’t **D.** doesn’t

**Question 10.** “I think we should take a shower instead of a bath to save energy” – “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

**A.** Great! Don’t do that **B.** Well done!

**C.** That’s a good idea. **D.** OK. I don’t want to.

**Question 11.** As soon as he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a certificate in English, he will apply for a job.

**A.** would get **B.** got **C.** gets **D.** will get

**Question 12.** She has worked as a secretary \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ she graduated from college.

**A.** before **B.** since **C.** while **D.** until

***III. Identify the underlined word/ phrase that needs correcting to become an exact one. (1.0 point)***

**Question 13.** I (**A**) haven’t got (**B**) some money (**C**) to buy that (**D**) English book.

**Question 14.** (**A**) If I (**B**) am you, I (**C**) would take a taxi (**D**) to the airport.

**Question 15.** Tam Dao (**A**) is one of the (**B**) mountainously (**C**) areas (**D**) of Vinh Phuc province.

**Question 16.** (**A**) That’s the (**B**) woman (**C**) who she sold (**D**) me the handbag.

***IV. Fill in each blank with a suitable preposition. (1.0 point)***

**Question 17.** My sister is very fond \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ eating chocolate candy.

**Question 18.** She is looking \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the key of the house that she lost yesterday.

**Question 19.** In order to be a good student, you have \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ listen to what the teacher explains carefully.

**Question 20.** I had to take care \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ all the dogs when my uncle went away for some days.

***V. Give the correct forms of the words. (1.0 point)***

**Question 21.** My friends are interested in the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ beauty of Ha Long Bay. (***nature***)

**Question 22.** Have you got any \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ about the graduation exam? (***inform***)

**Question 23.** Do you know the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of English now? (***important***)

**Question 24.** My brother suggested \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to the cinema by taxi last night. (***go***)

***VI. Read the passage and choose the correct answer. (1.0 point)***

In the United States, people celebrate Mother’s Day and Father’s Day. Mother’s Day is celebrated on the second Sunday in May. On this occasion, mother usually receives greeting cards and gifts from her husband and children. The best gift of all for an American Mom is a day of leisure. The majority of American mothers have outside jobs as well as housework, so their working days are often very hard. The working mother enjoys the traditional Mother’s Day custom of breakfast (or brunch) cooked by her family and served to her on a tray in bed. Later in the day, it is also traditional for the extended family group to get together for dinner, either in a restaurant or in one of their homes. Flowers are an important part of Mother’s Day. Mothers are often given a corsage or plant for the occasion, particularly if they are elderly.

Father’s Day is celebrated throughout the United States and Canada on the third Sunday in June. The holiday customs are similar to Mother’s Day. Dad also receives greeting cards and gifts from his family and enjoys a day of leisure.

**Question 25. According to the passage, where do people celebrate Father’s Day?**

**A.** In Viet Nam. **B.** In the USA.

**C.** In many countries. **D.** In the USA and Canada.

**Question 26.** When is Mother’s Day celebrated?

**A.** On the second Sunday in May. **B.** On the third Sunday in June.

**C.** On October 20th. **D.** On March 8th.

**Question 27.** Why are the working days of most American mothers often very hard?

**A.** Because they have to do all the housework.

**B.** Because they have outside jobs.

**C.** Because they receive greeting cards and gifts.

**D.** Because they have outside jobs as well as housework.

**Question 28.** What is the best gift for a mother on Mother’s Day?

**A.** A corsage or plant **B.** A flower

**C.** A day of leisure **D.** A greeting card

***VII. Read the following passage, then choose the suitable word to fill in the blank (1.0 point)***

I went to Australia on a student program last year and I like to (**29**) .................. you about it. I was very (**30**) ................... when I knew I was going to Australia because I had never been there before. I didn’t think about the problems of speaking English (**31**) ................... I met my host family. At first I couldn’t communicate with them because my English was so bad. All the five years I had been learning English wasn’t much used at all (**32**) ................... we didn’t have real practice at school. Even though my grammar was good, my pronunciation wasn’t. My problem is pronouncing ‘l’ and ‘r’. For example, Australian people often asked “What do you eat in Vietnam?” I wanted to tell them that we eat rice, but they didn’t understand when I said “We eat lice”...

**Question 29. A.** say **B.** tell **C.** talk **D.** speak

**Question 30. A.** exciting **B.** excites **C.** excited **D.** excite

**Question 31. A.** after **B.** until **C.** when **D.** while

**Question 32. A.** although **B.** even **C.** because **D.** so

***VIII. Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first one. (1.5 points)***

**Question 33.** My parents will sell the house in the country.

🡪 The house in the country

**Question 34.** I’m sorry David cannot be in Hue for the festival.

🡪 I wish

**Question 35.** If the man doesn’t arrive, we will start the conference without him.

🡪 Unless

**Question 36.** My boyfriend is now in the hospital He was injured in the accident.

🡪 My boyfriend, who

**Question 37.** “I’m working in a restaurant”, she said.

🡪 She said that

**Question 38.** My sister will continue studying English when she graduates in law.

🡪 My sister will go

***IX. Make changes or additions necessary from the words to complete the sentences. (0.5 point)***

**Question 39.** Many people /be / interested / read /science books.

**Question 40.** My mother/ be / used /getting up/ early/ morning.